



# International Fireproof Technology, Inc.

17528 Von Karman Avenue, Irvine CA 92614

## Safety Data Sheet – DC315

### 1. Product and Company Identification

Product: Water Based Fireproof Foam Paint

Product Code: DC315

Company: International Fireproof Technology Inc.  
17528 Von Karman Avenue, Irvine CA 92614  
Irvine CA 92614  
949-975-8588

### 2. Hazards Identification

**Hazard classification:** Acute toxicity (Oral) Cat.4, Skin irritation Cat.3,  
Eye irritation Cat. 2B, Carcinogenicity Cat.2B



**Pictogram :**

**Signal Words :** Warning

**Hazard statement :** May be harmful if swallowed  
Causes mild skin irritation  
Cause eye irritation  
May cause cancer

**Precautionary statement :**

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements :**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.**

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

**3. Composition/Information on Ingredients**

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>CAS No</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10 ~ 15 %
Melamine	108-78-1	10 ~ 15 %
Pentaerythritol	115-77-5	10 ~ 15 %

**4. First Aid Measures**

**Inhalation :** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Ingestion :** Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin Contact :** Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Eye Contact :** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention

**Potential acute health effects :**

- Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.  
 Serious effects may be delayed following exposure
- Ingestion : May be irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
- Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Eye contact : Causes eye irritation.

**5. Fire Fighting Measures**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media :                  | Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical :    | In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.   |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products:       | Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>nitrogen oxides<br>metal oxide/oxides   |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters:   | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.                         |

**6. Accidental Release Measures****Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- |                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| For non-emergency Personnel : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders :    | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".   |

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## **7. Handling and Storage**

Handling: 

1. Container must be labeled, closed containers when not in use.
2. Ventilated designated places, to avoid the release of vapor or mist when using.
3. Shall keep readily available to deal with the fire and emergency response device leakage.

Storage: Comply with the storage and handling flammable or combustible materials regulations. Placed at cool and dry area, away from heat, sparks and icy place. Use up as soon as possible after opening the lid; Preferably storage temperature is 5 °C ~ 35 °C

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Ingredient	Regulatory Code	Classification
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014)	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013)	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Melamine	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011)	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
		TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable
Pentaerythritol	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013)	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014)	T TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013)	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable Fraction TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust

Appropriate engineering controls: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

## Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection:** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection:** Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection:** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance :	White liquid	Boiling point/boiling range :	> 100°C
Odor :	Mild emulsion odor	Melting point/range :	N/A
pH :	7.0±1.0	Evaporation rate :	N/A
Density (25°C):	1.35±0.1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	Vapor pressure :	N/A
Viscosity (at 25°C):	8000 ~ 20000 cps	Relative vapor density :	N/A
Volatile :	30 ~ 35%	Auto-ignition temperature :	N/A
Solubility :	Water miscible	Flammability (solid, gas) :	N/A
Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water	N/A	Lower explosion limit :	N/A
Flash point :	> 100°C	Upper explosion limit :	N/A
		Self-ignition temperature :	N/A
		Decomposition temperature	N/A

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

Special Condition of Hazardous Reaction

N/A

Incompatibilities: Organic solvent  
 Materials to Avoid Strong acid or alkali and oxidant  
 Hazardous decomposition products Will emit smoke, CO, CO<sub>2</sub> when fire

## 11. Toxicological Information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Melamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	3161 mg/kg	---
Pentaerythritol	LD50 Oral	Rat	18500 mg/kg	---

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Melamine	Eyes : Mild irritant	Rabbit	---	24 hours 500 milligrams	---
Pentaerythritol	Skin : Mild irritant	Human	---	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	---

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Melamine	---	3	---
Pentaerythritol	---	2B	---

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Pentaerythritol	Category 3	Not applicable	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Pentaerythritol	Category 2	Not determined	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

## 12. Ecological Information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Melamine	Acute EC50 33600000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia – Daphnia magna	48 hours
Pentaerythritol	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish – Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

**Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Melamine	---	<3.8	low
Pentaerythritol	---	1.26	low
Titanium Dioxide	---	352	low

**13. Disposal Considerations**

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**14. Transport Information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name					
Transport hazard class(es)					
Packing group					
Environmental hazards	No	No	No	No	No
Additional information	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable

Special precautions for user: Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous



goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

## 15. Regulatory Information

Ingredient	CAS No	Regulatory Code	Classification
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	CAPROP	CA Prop 65
		IARG2B	IARC - Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
		WHMHAZ	WHMIS - Canada Hazardous Chemicals
		WMPR	List of WM Priority Chemicals Feb 2014
Melamine	108-78-1	CFLOW	Flash Points in Flammable/Combustible Range
		WHMHAZ	WHMIS - Canada Hazardous Chemicals
Pentaerythritol	115-77-5	WHMHAZ	WHMIS - Canada Hazardous Chemicals

## 16. Other Information

This information is based on our present state of knowledge. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing specific properties of the products described or their suitability for a particular application.

**Revision Information: 7/24/2015**

**Prepared by: International Fireproof Technology Inc.**

**Phone Number: 949-975-8588**